A Smarter Way to Mind the Store: IP-Surveillance
A guide for retail managers and executives on the advantages of IP-surveillance and management systems.
# Table of contents

1. Introduction  
2. Where traditional (analog) video surveillance falls short  
3. The answer is IP-Surveillance  
4. Improving loss prevention  
5. Delivering greater business value  
6. Reducing total cost of ownership through IP-Surveillance advantages  
7. Saving staff time through centralized management and remote accessibility  
8. Network camera advantages  
9. Authors
1. **Introduction**

In both retail operations and the sales floor, the competition is fierce and the profit margins are slim. To stay on top, retailers have to seize every advantage they can. This often means adopting the latest technological advances as they become available. That’s why today nearly every aspect of retail operations, from inventory to hiring, is computerized and networked. Now is the time to add video surveillance to the list.

IP (Internet Protocol) video surveillance gives retailers new tools and capabilities for improving loss prevention and store performance. By enabling video to be captured as digital information and accessed anywhere on an IP-based network, IP video surveillance allows your loss prevention staff and other departments to view, analyze and manage surveillance video. Built-in intelligence also enables cameras to automatically detect and alert staff to potential thefts, suspicious behavior, and other events.

The advantages hardly stop there. This same intelligence opens the door to new in-store research methods for determining the effectiveness of store layout, display design, and employee behavior. What’s more, through advantages in using common networking and digital camera technology, stores can achieve everything from a lower total cost of ownership to higher resolution imagery that improves forensic evidence and repurposing for training and other uses.

This white paper introduces managers and executives to the many retail business advantages of IP video surveillance.

2. **Where traditional (analog) video surveillance falls short**

As both a deterrent and a source of evidence, video surveillance is recognized as an essential element to any retail operation’s loss prevention program. According to market researcher J.P. Freeman Co., in the U.S. alone there are 6 million video cameras mounted in stores watching customers and employees. A large retail chain with 1,500 locations can record more than 50 years of analog video throughout its stores in a single day.

How effectively used is this video? Not very. Inventory shrinkage continues to be an expensive problem for the retail industry. In 2004, total losses were close to $31 billion, accounting for more than 1.5 percent of total retail sales across North America (National Retail Security Survey, University of Florida). This percentage changes little from year to year, yet as overall sales continue to grow, billions more dollars are added to the total amount of losses. If a company could reduce its percentage of losses from shrinkage by even a tenth of a percent across its stores, it would see a significant improvement to its bottom line.

A major weakness in loss prevention techniques today is the inability of analog video equipment to detect criminal behavior and alert personnel. Someone has to be constantly watching store monitors – or later search through hours of video to find a particular instance of theft. Poor video quality also hurts effectiveness. Analog surveillance cameras are only capable of video resolutions equivalent to 0.4 megapixels, whereas the latest digital video surveillance cameras provide much higher resolution. Blurry, low resolution analog images often fail to provide conclusive evidence in theft prosecutions or insurance fraud cases, such as bogus injury claims. Such images aren’t sharp enough to read license plate numbers, work poorly in training videos, and have no value for other uses, such as facial recognition systems.
Think back to those 50 years of video being recorded by 1,500 stores in an average day. What if:

> That video was sharper and could alert you to a theft?
> There was a way to tap the incredibly rich information in all this video for activities such as store design research?
> You could use it as an operations management tool measuring how long it takes for an employee to help a customer waiting at a customer service kiosk?
> You could do searches for organized crime behaviors and create training videos for employee showing these behaviors?
> The video was so sharp you could see enough detail to read an employee badge number?

3. **The answer is IP-Surveillance**

IP-Surveillance brings all the advantages of network cameras and IP networking to video surveillance. Using digital cameras, it gives you sharper color video, greater coverage, and better zooming capabilities. Incorporating video surveillance into your local area network (LAN) makes the video collected at every store available throughout your network. This means other departments can use store video capabilities for training, consumer behavior research, testing store layout and display design, and many other uses. What’s more, the cameras can be more “intelligent.” IP-Surveillance systems can actually “watch” for certain kinds of behavior, events and actions. You no longer need people monitoring the monitors.

Here’s a look at five key advantages of IP-Surveillance:

4. **Improving loss prevention**

The programmable intelligence capabilities of IP-Surveillance and network cameras enable detection of suspicious behavior by customers or employees, reducing the need for dedicated loss prevention staff to monitor shoppers. In fact, smart network cameras may be more effective than staff. After 20 minutes or so, the average person’s attention wanes watching monitors. A smart camera is always attentive.

Intelligence at the camera level closes many gaps in loss prevention. IP-Surveillance systems can be set up to:

> Detect suspicious behaviors, such as a consumer taking multiple units of an item not normally bought in bulk, or a cashier deliberately not scanning a purchase.
> Capture organized crime behaviors in a store and enable you to quickly communicate them to other stores in your chain.
> Integrate video surveillance with electronic article systems (EAS) to ensure proper procedures are being followed, such as stopping customers who set off the alarm at the door.
> Directly connect video with point-of-sale (POS) systems to uncover employee sweethearting (giving unauthorized discounts to friends) or other improper sales. For instance, video can be activated every time an age-restricted sale is made or a refund given.

5. **Delivering greater business value**

Intelligent network cameras and the ability to store and access video on the network is driving many of the smartest retailers in the industry to investigate new uses of video surveillance to improve their bottom line. Some are working with the Loss Prevention Research Council in a program called StoreLab™ to co-develop and test innovative store layouts, work processes, and technologies to maximize sales, profit and productivity, while minimizing losses and crime. For one study, nearly a dozen stores of all different types (mass merchant, drug, home improvement, club, department, and specialty) are giving researchers access to their networks to test ways IP-Surveillance can be used to study consumer behavior, employee tasking, and loss prevention.
IP-Surveillance is ideal for these applications because it can be set up to recognize certain actions and events, plus makes it easy to search thousands of hours of video to find the few minutes of footage that correspond to your search.

Some ways your company could use the video your store collects every day include:

> Monitoring the number of customers entering and leaving and the length of checkout lines to provide alerts when more staff is needed.
> Providing alerts when shelves need restocking, spills have occurred, aisles are obstructed, or checkout lines exceed guidelines.
> Monitoring employee/customer interactions to improve service, detect gaps in training and management, spot and praise good behavior, and identify employees avoiding customer contact or shirking other responsibilities.
> Studying and improving store design, traffic flow, and point of purchase displays to improve sales and reduce shrinkage.
> Developing training tools to teach employees everything from how to spot common shoplifting behaviors to ways to more effectively help customers.

6. Reducing total cost of ownership through IP-Surveillance advantages

For most retailers, nearly all important processes and operations are connected through a local area network (LAN). The exception is loss prevention. Legacy Closed Circuit Television (CCTV) systems are proprietary and typically have separate support and maintenance contracts. This precludes loss prevention from being able to leverage the lower infrastructural costs of the existing network and all the advantages of IP networking for video.

IP networking delivers cost savings in video surveillance in many ways.

> Your company already has the necessary IT expertise. Network cameras have IP addresses just like any other network device and can be inexpensively installed anywhere in the network and controlled centrally via software. This enables you to leverage existing infrastructure such as servers, switches and cabling. Your video surveillance infrastructure simply becomes another part of the IT infrastructure, allowing you to take advantage of the cost savings of IP networking, as well as standard IT policies (such as authentication, data security, etc.).

> IP-Surveillance systems use open standards and run on ordinary Ethernet networking. Using standard PC server hardware for video recording and storage rather than proprietary equipment such as Digital Video Recorders (DVRs) radically reduces management and equipment costs, particularly for larger systems where storage and servers are a significant portion of the total solution cost.

> Availability of powerful software management tools for monitoring, accessing and storing video. Software makes it easy to add additional powerful capabilities such as combining video evidence with time-lined POS transaction data or integrating video with cash register transaction data for advanced, flexible searching and analysis.

> Easy, future-proof installations with commercial off-the-shelf (COTS) components. Installation can be done in stages, integrating your analog CCTV system with your network video solution. As analog cameras reach their end of life, you replace them with network cameras that simply plug into the network.

> Greater archiving capabilities and storage reliability. Surveillance videos can be transferred through the network to off-site storage just like any other data and stored on standard servers.

> Ability to scale capacity and performance. Products like Milestone Systems XProtect™ Corporate provide support for multiple servers, sites and cameras, allowing your system to grow easily with your organization.
7. **Saving staff time through centralized management and remote accessibility**

Part of the problem with analog video is that it's usually only available at the store. Each camera has a cable that feeds its video into a monitor and, unless you have a network video recorder, a local recording device. If someone in another store or headquarters wants to monitor what's going on in a store or see a particular incident, the video has to be recorded and mailed.

By having cameras connected to a network, you can achieve a higher level of surveillance with less people. Loss prevention personnel can monitor many locations from one office. Live camera feeds can be accessed over the Internet from any location, making it easy to check out an alert or event from any computer, laptop or other device with a wired or wireless Internet connection.

8. **Network camera advantages**

While traditional analog cameras can only provide the equivalent of 0.4 megapixel resolution, network (digital) cameras can deliver up to 16 times greater resolution, cover a larger area, and provide superior digital zoom capabilities. This can translate into such rich detail as the numbers on a license plate or the name on an employee badge. Their progressive scanning (versus analog interlaced scans) also produces better detail within a moving image such as a person running away.

Network cameras are also less expensive to install. They don't even require a power outlet. Using Power over Ethernet (PoE) technology, you can power a camera with same cable used for connecting it to the network. PoE also enables easier application of uninterruptible power supplies (UPS) to ensure 24 hours a day, 7 days a week operation.

Switching to network cameras is actually common sense. If you were going out to buy a camera right now for personal use, what would you get, analog or digital? You would buy digital. It offers the greatest return on your investment and opens the door to all kinds of value-added features through connection to the rest of today's digital world.

Other digital camera advantages include:

- Intelligence at the camera level includes detection of motion, directional motion, abandoned objects, object removal, human presence, camera tampering, identification, and digital pan/tilt/zoom (PTZ).
- Network cameras can be equipped with image buffers that save and send the images collected before and after an alarm occurred.
- On a network, network cameras can be monitored, managed and updated just like any network device.

9. **Authors**

- **Jumbi Edulbehram**
  Director, Strategic Channels
  Axis Communications Inc.
  The global market leader in network video products

- **Eric Fullerton**
  President
  Milestone Systems Inc.
  The world's leading developer of open platform IP video management software

- **Dr. Read Hayes**
  PhD, CPP, Director
  Loss Prevention Research Council
  Special expertise and data
About Axis Communications
Axis is an IT company offering network video solutions for professional installations. The company is the global market leader in network video, driving the ongoing shift from analog to digital video surveillance. Axis products and solutions focus on security surveillance and remote monitoring, and are based on innovative, open technology platforms.
Axis is a Swedish-based company, operating worldwide with offices in 18 countries and cooperating with partners in more than 70 countries. Founded in 1984, Axis is listed on the OMX Nordic Exchange, Large Cap and Information Technology. For more information about Axis, please visit our website at www.axis.com.